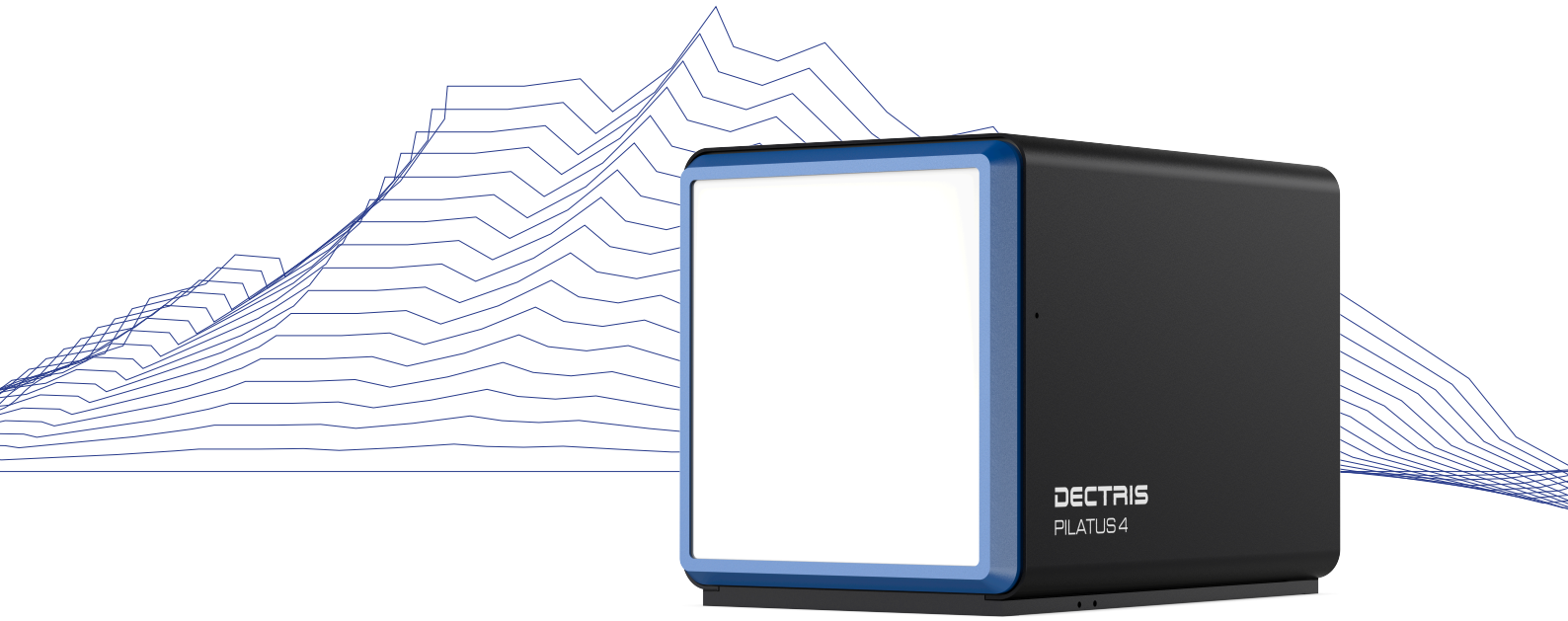
DECTRIS



Technical Specifications
DECTRIS PILATUS®4 XE CdTe 2M

Document Version v1.1.0

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Contact and Support

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1.2. Explanation of Symbols

Danger **#0**



Danger blocks are used to indicate immediate danger or risk to personnel or equipment.

Warning **#0**



Warning blocks are used to indicate danger or risk to personnel or equipment.

Caution **#0**



Caution blocks are used to indicate danger or risk to equipment.

Information **#0**



Information blocks are used to highlight important information.

1.3. Warranty Information

Caution	#1



Do not ship the system back before you receive the necessary transport and shipping information.

1.4. Disclaimer

DECTRIS® has carefully compiled the contents of this manual according to the current state of knowledge. Damage and warranty claims arising from missing or incorrect data are excluded.

DECTRIS® bears no responsibility or liability for damage of any kind, also for indirect or consequential damage resulting from the use of this system.

DECTRIS® is the sole owner of all user rights related to the contents of the manual (in particular information, images or materials), unless otherwise indicated. Without the written permission of DECTRIS® it is prohibited to integrate the protected contents in this publication into other programs or other websites or to use them by any other means.

DECTRIS® reserves the right, at its own discretion and without liability or prior notice, to modify and/or discontinue this publication in whole or in part at any time, and is not obliged to update the contents of the manual.

2. USAGE OF THE PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M hybrid-photon-counting (HPC) detector system has been designed for the detection of X-rays produced by synchrotrons or laboratory sources. It is intended for indoor use only. For other applications, please contact DECTRIS® technical support for additional information.

Caution	#2
Improper use of the DECTRIS® detector system can compromise its safety and its functionality is no longer guaranteed.	

Warning	#1
Do not use the detector in vacuum.	

2.1. Product Return and Recycling

We recycle DECTRIS® detector systems that are no longer suitable for use. If you are not using your DECTRIS® detector system any more, send it back to us. We will make sure that your system is responsibly and safely recycled. This is free for customers who purchased a new DECTRIS® detector system.

3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1. Specifications

3.1.1. Detector

Table 3.1: Technical Specifications

Detector technology	Hybrid Photon Counting (HPC)
Number of modules (W x H)	3 x 6 = 18
Sensor material	Cadmium Telluride (CdTe)
Sensor thickness	1000 µm
Pixel size (W x H)	150 µm x 150 µm = 22 500 μm^2
Module size (W x H)	76.95 mm x 38.25 mm = 2943 mm^2
Pixel array format (W x H)	1553 pixel x 1630 pixel = 2 531 390 pixel
Active area (W x H)	233.0 mm x 244.5 mm = 56 968.5 mm^2
Inter-module gap	hor. 7 pixels, vert. 20 pixels
Intra-module gap	1 pixel wide vertical gap in the center of each module
Defective pixels	< 0.1%
Image bit depth	32 ,16 or 8 bit
Readout bit depth	16 or 8 bit
Maximum count rate [1]	1×10^7 photons/s/pixel
Adjustable threshold range	4 keV to 80 keV
Energy range	8 keV to 100 keV
Number of thresholds	four independent thresholds
Readout time	continuous readout with 100 ns dead time
Maximum frame rate (continuous) [2]	4000 Hz (8 bit), 2000 Hz (16 bit)
ROI maximum frame rate (continuous) [2]	4000 Hz (8 bit), 2000 Hz (16 bit)
Point-spread function	1 pixel (FWHM)
Connection to detector control unit	16 x LC/UPC duplex fiber optics connectors to the switch and 2 x QSFP28 direct attach cables from switch to detector control unit
Power supply	Internal power supply unit
Software interface	HTTP REST interface (via network connection)
Dimensions (W x H x D)	340 mm x 370 mm x 500 mm

[1] For photon energy $\geq$13 keV and energy threshold at 50 % of the photon energy.
[2] For single threshold. Using two thresholds halves the frame rate. Using three or four thresholds quarters it.

Table 3.1: Technical Specifications - continued

Weight	42 kg
Overvoltage category	II
Pollution degree	II
Maximum operating altitude	2000 m a.s.l.

3.2. Ratings

3.2.1. Detector

Table 3.2: Power Ratings

Detector power input	100 - 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 700 W C20 appliance inlet **Warning #2** ⚠ Only use cables rated for 16 A.
Fuse	10 A slow-blow fuse. Type: Schurter 5x20 mm, 10 A, 250 V AC Part No. 0001.2514 **Warning #3** ⚠ Always replace fuses with the same type.
Detector external trigger input	High level: 2.1 – 5.0 V Low level: 0.0 – 0.8 V **Caution #3** ⚠ Absolute maximum is 5 V. Applying a higher voltage will damage the detector.
External trigger input impedance	47 kΩ
Detector trigger output	High level: 2.3 V to 3.3 V Low level: 0.0 V to 0.6 V Max. current: 24 mA

3.2.2. Detector Control Unit

Information	#1
Please consult the user documentation of the DELL PowerEdge R7615 for details.	

Table 3.3: Detector Control Unit Ratings

Detector control unit power input	2 x 100 V to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 5 A to 10 A, 1400 W (Platinum) 1+1 redundant, hot swappable power supply unit
Dimensions (W x H x D)	482.4 mm x 86.8 mm x 758.29 mm
Weight	20 kg
Chassis	2U

3.2.3. Switch

Information	#2
Please consult the user documentation of the Mellanox MSN2010-CB2R switch for details.	

Table 3.4: Detector Control Unit Ratings

Switch power input	57 W
Dimensions (W x H x D)	200 mm x 43.8 mm x 508 mm
Weight	4.54 kg
Chassis	1U

3.2.4. Thermal Stabilization Unit

Information	#3
Please consult the user documentation of the SMC HRS-012A thermal stabilization unit for details.	

Caution	#4
The maximum allowable coolant pressure is 3 bar.	

Table 3.5: Thermal Stabilization Unit Ratings

	Value
Thermal stabilization unit power input	**115 V version** Single phase 100 VAC 50/60 Hz, 115 VAC 60 Hz, allowable voltage range ±10 %, 7.5 A (50 Hz) to 8.3 A (60 Hz) **230 V version** Single phase 200 VAC to 230 VAC 50/60 Hz, allowable voltage range ±10 %, 4.6 A (50 Hz) to 5.1 A (60 Hz)
Dimensions (W x H x D)	377 mm x 615 mm x 500 mm
Weight	**115 V version**: 40.0 kg **230 V version**: 43.0 kg
Typical flow	3 L min^{-1}
Maximum operation pressure	3 bar

3.3. Ambient Conditions

Caution **#5**

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector is equipped with a temperature and a humidity sensor. When either sensor detects that the operating conditions are not met, the detector will shut off. However, as the sensors may not prevent damage, temperature and humidity should be monitored to avoid breaching the operation limits.

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector is designed for indoor use only. The ambient conditions shown in table 3.6 must be satisfied. The stated values are for the ambient conditions.
Values inside the detector, in particular due to the dry-air or nitrogen supply, are different. These are described in section 5.4 and chapter 6.

Table 3.6: Detector Operating Ambient Conditions

Ambient Condition	Value
Operating temperature	+20 °C to +35 °C
Operating humidity	<80 % at 20 °C, non-condensing
Storage temperature	+15 °C to +40 °C
Storage humidity	<40 % at 20 °C, non-condensing

Caution **#6**

Please consider the following points when storing the detector

- Make sure the temperature and the humidity inside the transport box does not exceed the specified range (use of a drying agent is required).
- Ensure that no condensation moisture develops if the detector is stored at low temperature.

4. DETECTOR COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS

4.1. PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M Detector

4.1.1. Technical Drawing

Information	#4

3D step files of the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector are available on request. Please contact DECTRIS® technical support for more information.

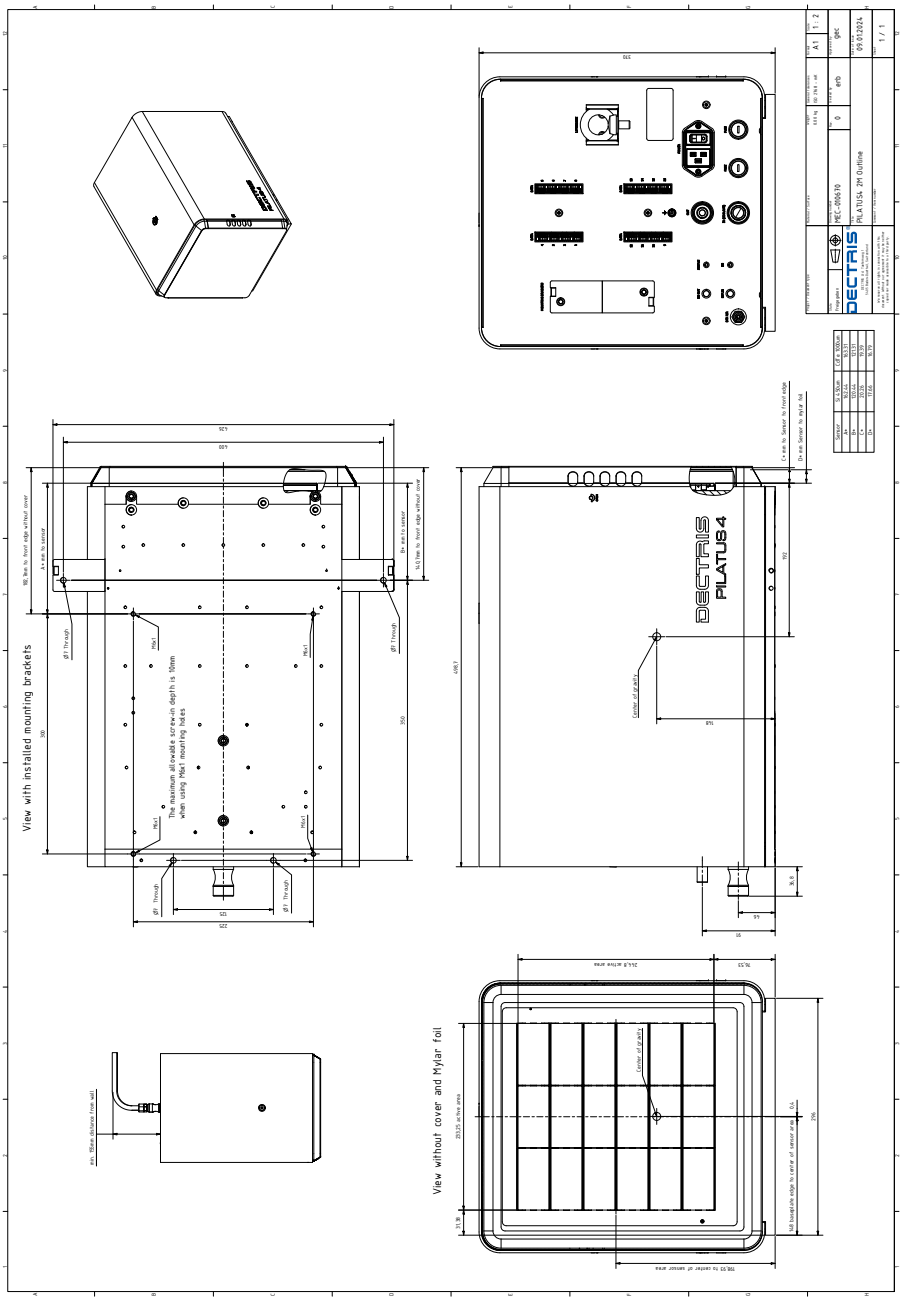


Figure 4.1: Drawing of the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M Detector (also printed separately in the user documentation folder)

4.1.2. Front Side of the Detector

Danger	#1
Danger of electric shock. Do not touch the Mylar® foil. The sensors behind the Mylar® foil are operated at high voltages. Touching the Mylar® foil can cause an electrical shock.	

Warning	#4
Do not touch the Mylar® foil to avoid damage of the sensors.	

Caution	#7
The cover may not protect the detector from a direct beam.	

The detector comes with a protective cover (1.5 mm, steel) for the front window, which should only be removed during operation. The sensors are behind a 12 µm thick Mylar® (PET) foil coated with aluminum to protect them from humidity, dust and from being touched.

To remove the protective cover, the screws behind the holes at the front on both sides of the detector have to be screwed inwards. This will release the cover and the cover can be removed by pulling it up and to the front. To place the cover back on, carefully replace the cover making sure not to touch the Mylar® foil and then screw out the screws on both sides of the detector until you feel some slight resistance. Do not apply any force on the screws, the screws do not need to be tightened to hold the cover in place and excessive force can damage the housing.



Figure 4.2: The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M Detector with the Cover Removed (front view)

4.1.3. Back Side of the Detector

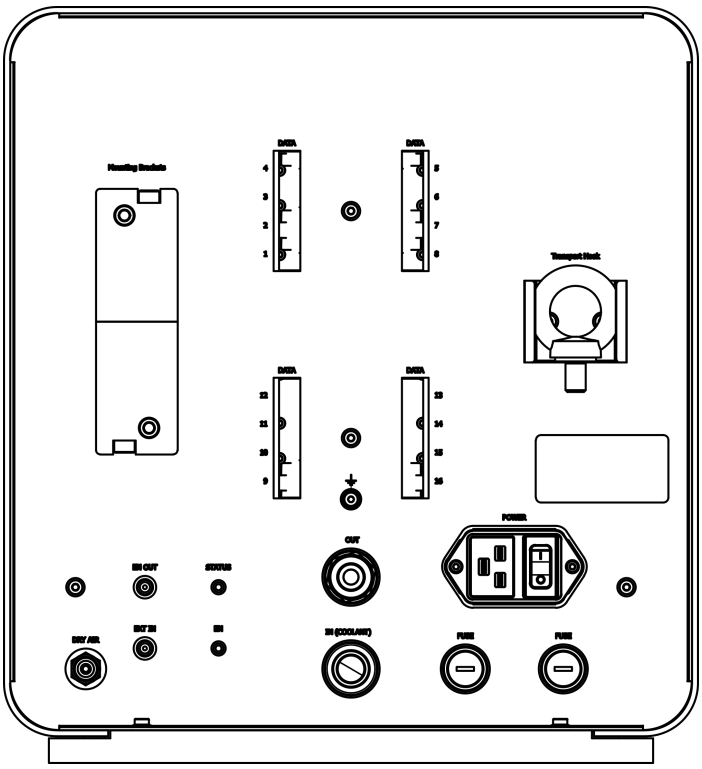


Figure 4.3: The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M Detector (back view)

4.1.4. Status LEDs

Table 4.1: The Meaning of the Status LEDs on the Detector Back Plane

LED	Behavior	Description
EN	Orange	Indicates the detector is in acquisition mode.
STATUS	Green steady	Detector initialized and hardware OK.
	Green blinking	Detector is ON and waiting to be initialized.
	Red blinking	Detector may be overheating or humidity too high ⇒ Check cooling system and dry air supply
	Off	Detector has no power ⇒ Check the power adapter and mains connection.

4.1.5. Connectors and Connecting Cables/Pipes

Table 4.2: Electric Connectors and Connecting Cables

Connector	Description
DATA	16 x LC/UPC duplex fiber optics connectors to the switch and 2 x QSFP28 direct attach cables from switch to detector control unit Use Single Mode fiber optic patch cable with LC/UPC duplex connectors at both ends. We recommend to use the optic patch cables that are supplied with the detector system. Detector and detector control unit are equipped with 10GBASE-LR Single Mode SFP+ optical transceivers. Do not replace the optical transceivers, as proper function of the detector system cannot be guaranteed otherwise. Please contact support@dectris.com if you need replacement transceivers.
POWER	AC power connector (see table 3.2)
EXT IN	External trigger input (see table 3.2) Use a LEMO® Type 00 (NIM/CAMAC) cable.
EN OUT	Enable out, high when counting is enabled. Use a LEMO® Type 00 (NIM/CAMAC) cable.

Table 4.2: Electric Connectors and Connecting Cables - continued

Connector	Description
⏚	Functional ground **Information #5** Although the detector may already be grounded via the mounting bolts, it must also be grounded through the functional ground connector at the back to establish a defined and reliable ground reference. Make sure not to create unintended ground loops.

Table 4.3: Air Connectors

Connector	Description
DRY AIR	Dry air or nitrogen for humidity control. Use a hose/pipe with an outer diameter of 4 mm. To release the tube press and hold the blue ring before pulling at the tube.

Table 4.4: Coolant Connectors (see section 5.6)

Connector	Description
IN	Coolant inlet. Quick coupling dry-break double shut-off.
OUT	Coolant outlet. Plug dry-break double shut-off.

4.2. Detector Control Unit

4.2.1. Configuration

Caution #8

Do not access or modify the operating system of the detector control unit.

The user interface of the detector control unit is accessible using a web browser. The detector control unit does not need any connections other than the power and Ethernet cables.

The detector control unit has to be connected point-to-point to the detector via 16 x LC/UPC duplex fiber optics connectors to the switch and 2 x QSFP28 direct attach cables from switch to detector control unit . The detector control unit can be integrated into the site network infrastructure using one of the interfaces described in table 4.6. The detector control unit is optimized for performance and stability of operation. In

order to achieve these goals we deliver the detector control unit with fixed firmware (BIOS etc.) and software (OS) version. The detector control unit must not be operated in an environment where unauthorized access is possible. The detector control unit does not provide authentication mechanisms and is not protected against malicious acts by unauthorized third parties.

Using the web front end, it is possible to restart the PILATUS4 control service, trigger an update, and to shut down and to reboot the detector control unit. Any further control of the detector is carried out via the SIM-PLON API (see separate documentation).



Figure 4.4: Front view of the detector control unit.

Caution **#9**

Pushing the power button on the front panel longer than 2 seconds will immediately halt the detector control unit. All image data on the detector control unit will be permanently lost.

Information **#6**

Briefly pushing the power button on the front panel will shut down the detector control unit. May take up to 1 min.

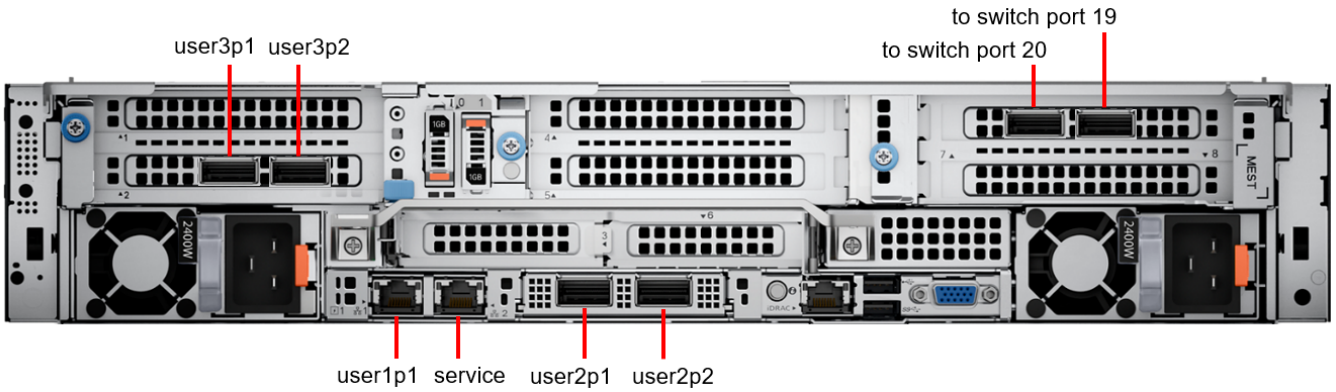


Figure 4.5: Back view of detector control unit with labeled network interfaces.

4.2.2. Connectors

Table 4.5: Detector Control Unit Connectors

Connector	Description
user1p1 (Integrated NIC)	Interface name: user1p1 (1 GBase-T) User configurable GbE network interface Preconfiguration: DHCP
service (Integrated NIC)	Interface name: service (1 GBase-T) Fallback GbE network interface Preconfiguration: Static 169.254.254.1 (Netmask 255.255.255.0)
user2p1 (Integrated NIC)	Interface name: user2p1 (10 GbE SFP+) User configurable 10 GbE network interface Preconfiguration: DHCP
user2p2 (Integrated NIC)	Interface name: user2p2 (10 GbE SFP+) User configurable 10 GbE network interface Preconfiguration: DHCP
user3p1 (Slot 2)	Interface name: user3p1 User configurable 100 Gb QSFP28 network interface
user3p2 (Slot 2)	Interface name: user3p2 User configurable 100 Gb QSFP28 network interface
Switch port 19 (Slot 7)	Connection to switch port 19
Switch port 20 (Slot 7)	Connection to switch port 20
2 x Power	AC Connector (redundant power supply)

See DELL owner's manual for further details.

4.3. Switch

For the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M, a switch is used for the connection between the detector and the detector control unit. The switch is connected to the detector control unit using 2 x 3 m direct attach 100 Gb cables. The connection between the switch and the detector is done via 4 x 30 m fiber optics cables. There is no particular order to be maintained for the connections to the switch.

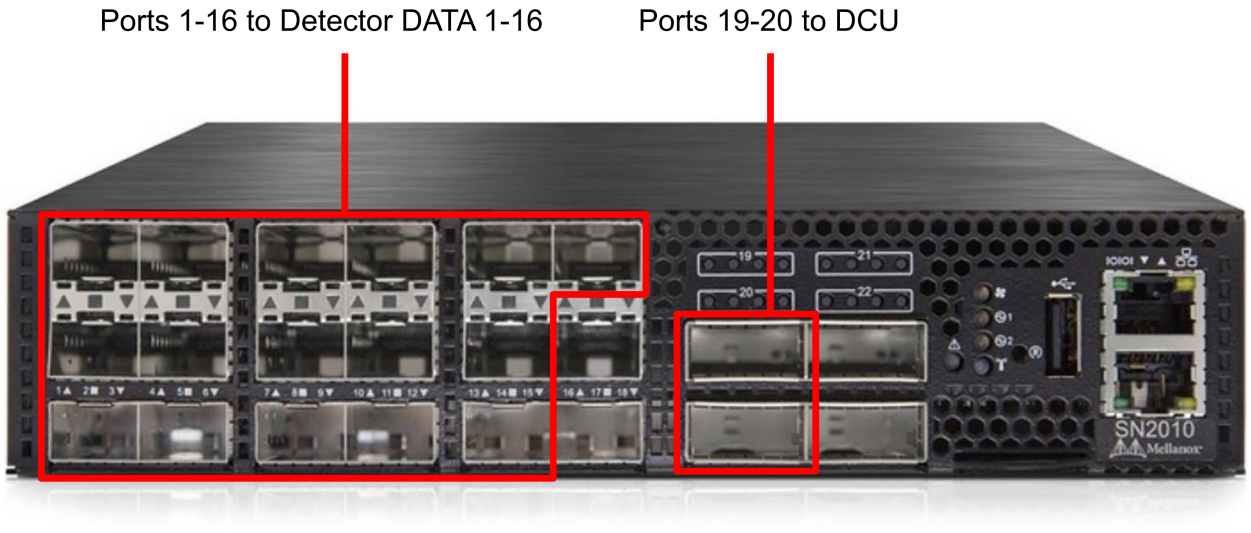


Figure 4.6: Switch cabling scheme.

Table 4.6: Detector Control Unit Connectors

Connector	Description
Slots 1-16	Connection to detector DATA ports 1-16 (the order of the connections does not matter)
Slots 19 & 20	Connection to DCU as indicated in figure 4.4



Figure 4.7: Connection schematics.

4.4. Thermal Stabilization Unit

A thermal stabilization unit is required for the operation of the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector system.
The hoses and the detector are equipped with self-sealing quick connect fittings to avoid dripping when connecting or disconnecting the tubes.
The tubing should be kept as short as possible to ensure the best flow.

Table 4.7: Operating Conditions

Condition	Definition
Operating temperature	The thermal stabilization unit has to be set to a temperature of 25 °C for normal operation.
Maximum operating pressure	3 bar
Coolant	Use ~2/3 distilled water and ~1/3 ethylene glycol with 2–5% corrosion inhibitor (free of borates, phosphates, nitrites, amines and silicates).

Danger #2

Ethylene glycol can be seriously harmful to your health or fatal if handled incorrectly. Consider the packaging and safety instructions provided by your local supplier.

Information #7

Before operating the thermal stabilization unit, please read the User Manual of the thermal stabilization unit.

Caution #10

When connecting or disconnecting the cooling hoses, turn off the detector and the thermal stabilization unit.

Caution #11

When operating the detector, the thermal stabilization unit must always be turned on and the pump has to be activated (see user documentation of thermal stabilization unit).

Caution #12

Use opaque hoses to avoid the growth of algae.

Caution #13

Do not set the temperature of the thermal stabilization unit below the recommended operating temperature. Condensing moisture can develop and damage the detector.

5. INSTALLING THE DETECTOR SYSTEM

5.1. Transport Considerations

Warning **#5**

Avoid vibration and shock when moving the detector.

Caution **#14**

Use the included lifting eye for transporting the detector.

The detector has been delivered in a robust transport box. Please keep this transport box for transport or storage purpose.

5.2. Mounting

Caution **#15**

Do not place the detector near heat sources or in a place subject to direct sunlight, excessive dust or mechanical shock.

Make sure that the detector has adequate ventilation.

- Do not cover any air intakes or outlets.
- Place the detector in a location with adequate air circulation.
- Make sure the detector has enough space for proper ventilation (minimum wall distance: 170 mm).
- Do not operate the detector in a closed environment.

The detector can be mounted in the ways which are described below.

5.2.1. Mounting from Below

Warning **#6**

It is strictly forbidden to add any threads to the detector base plate or to the detector housing.

The detector should be mounted using the four internal M6x1 threads as shown in figure 5.1 (indicated with yellow circles).

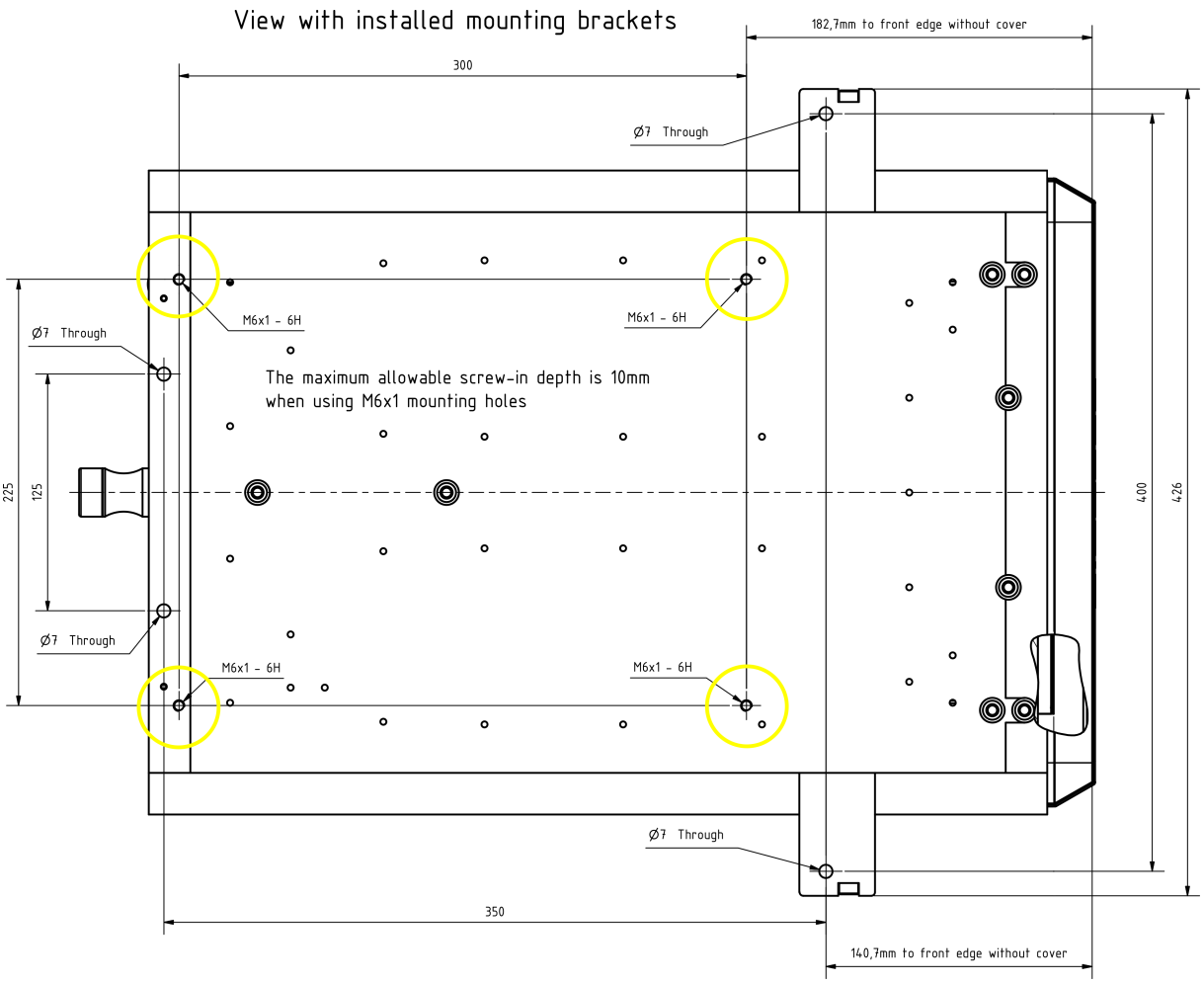


Figure 5.1: Drawing of the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector base plate.

Caution	#16
⚠	The four M6 screws must not intrude into the detector more than 10 mm.

5.2.2. Mounting from Above

Use the mounting brackets as depicted in figure 5.2. These mounting brackets have to be mounted on the base plate of the detector. The detector should be mounted using all four outer 7 mm holes (indicated with yellow circles).

Caution	#17
⚠	Make sure the mounting brackets are mounted and properly tightened using the screws provided. The placement of the screws is indicated with diamonds in figure 5.2.

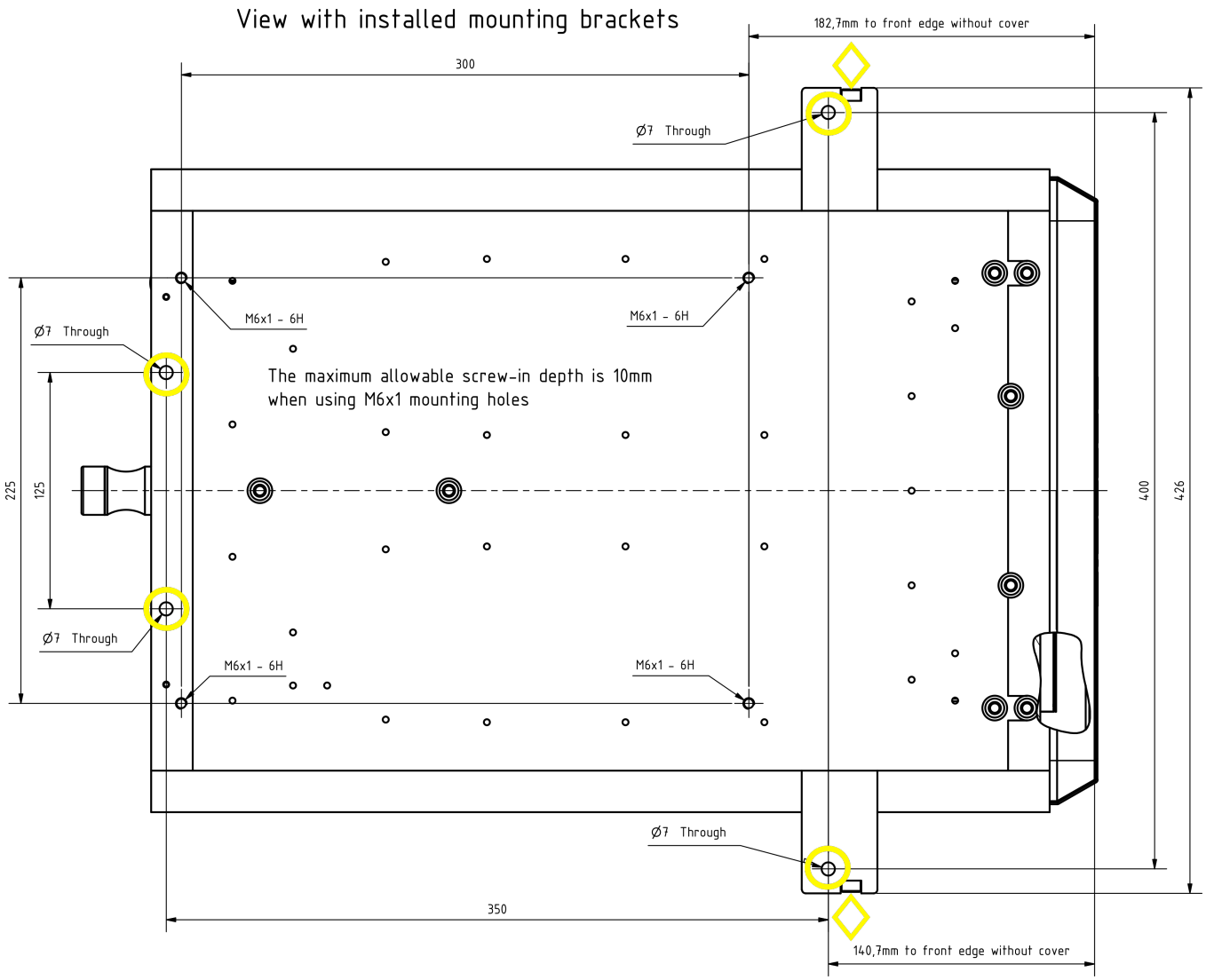


Figure 5.2: Drawing of the PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M Detector Base Plate with Mounting Brackets (bottom view)

5.3. Grounding of the Detector

Warning **#7**

The mains plug of the detector or power supply must always be connected to a socket that guarantees proper engagement of the protective earth (PE) contact.

Although the detector may already be grounded via the mounting bolts, it must also be grounded through the functional ground connector at the back ⏚ to establish a defined and reliable ground reference. Additionally, the detector's power plug must always be connected to a socket that guarantees proper engagement of the protective earth (PE) contact.

To avoid ground loops—which can lead to electrical noise, signal interference, or safety hazards—care must be taken not to create multiple unintended ground paths. The grounding scheme should ensure a single, well-defined connection to ground.

5.4. Connection to Dry Air or Nitrogen

Warning **#8**

When venting with nitrogen, take proper precaution against the risk of asphyxiation caused by oxygen displacement from nitrogen. Ensure sufficient ventilation and oxygen level monitoring. Use compressed air for venting large vessels or in confined spaces.

Caution **#18**

Humidity might damage the detector. Make sure that the detector is operated within the allowed ambient conditions (see section 3.3).

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector has to be connected to a dry air (or nitrogen) source to avoid humidity and condensation damage when it is outside of the storage box. For information on system connections, refer to the section 4.1.5 and for storage of the detector system refer to the section 7.4.

Information **#8**

Oil free, dry air of <20 % relative humidity or nitrogen must be used.

- The recommended flow is 5 L/h to 10 L/h (at 2 bar).
- For reliable operation we recommend dry air of <5 % relative humidity.
- The gas pressure must not exceed 2 bar.
- The minimum gas pressure is 1 bar.
- The humidity control shuts down the power of the detector modules when the humidity is too high (see chapter 6).

5.5. Fiber Optic Cable Installation

The connection between the detector head and the detector control unit uses fiber optic cables in order to provide best connectivity during operation. However, special care has to be taken when installing the fiber optic cables. Fiber optic cables are sensitive to dirt on the connectors and excessive bending, squeezing, or pinching of the cables.

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M is delivered with a 30 m long optical fiber cable. The connection to the detector consists of 16 x LC/UPC duplex fiber optics connectors to the switch and 2 x QSFP28 direct attach cables from switch to detector control unit .

5.5.1. Installing the Cables

The fiber optic cables come with a pulling eye to make cable installation easier and a cable sock to protect the connectors. Use the pulling eye to pull the cable until its destination. Once the cable is properly installed, the cable sock can be removed.

The minimal bending radii are 10 × diameter for static and 20 × diameter for dynamic bends. The diameter of the fiber trunk is ca. 5 mm while the diameter of the 0.5 m long fiber breakout at both ends of the cables is ca. 3 mm. We therefore recommend avoiding both static and dynamic bending radii smaller than 100 mm – make sure not to exceed this bending radius during the course of the fiber cable installation. Use cable trays or similar to guide the cables and protect them. Stepping on the cables can damage the cables. Also make sure that there is no tension on the connectors.

5.5.2. Checking the Connection

The PILATUS4 web interface offers a way to assess the quality of the connection between the detector control unit and the detector head. The User Manual explains how to access the web interface.

In order for the cable check to work properly, the detector has to be initialized first. The cable check shows the active connections and the transceiver Rx and Tx power. Rx values below 0.25 mW point towards a problem in the connection. Dirty connectors are the most likely reason for bad connections. Follow the instructions in section 5.5.3 in case of any issues with the connection.

5.5.3. Cleaning the Connectors

Dirty fiber connectors are the most common reason for bad connections. Any dirt or dust particle on the connector can lead to poor signal and may also lead to permanent fiber and/or connector damage when plugged. We recommend to always clean the fiber optic connectors before connecting them. Make sure to clean both the connector and the transceiver modules, as both can be dirty.

It is recommended to first use dry cleaning technique like a fiber optic cable cleaning pen. These pens are easy to use for both the connectors and the transceivers. Fiber optic inspection microscopes can help assess if the optical fiber connectors are clean. If dry cleaning did not help, wet cleaning can be used. However, make sure to use wet cleaning kits designed specifically for fiber optic connectors and follow the manufacturers instructions.

Always cover the connectors and transceivers when they're unplugged. The cables and transceivers all come with covers which can be used for this.

5.6. Connection to Thermal Stabilization Unit

Caution **#19**

- Use only the included thermal stabilization unit.
- Use only the supplied hose couplings.
- Do not add any component other than those supplied by DECTRIS® to the cooling circuit.

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector is water-cooled and must be connected to a dedicated thermal stabilization unit. The detector is supplied with quick coupling connectors to connect the cooling tubes to the thermal stabilization unit.

Do not add any component other than those supplied by DECTRIS® to the cooling circuit. Using the wrong material in the cooling circuit leads to galvanic corrosion, which can permanently damage the detector. Contact DECTRIS® support at support@dectris.com in case the supplied components are not compatible with your setup.

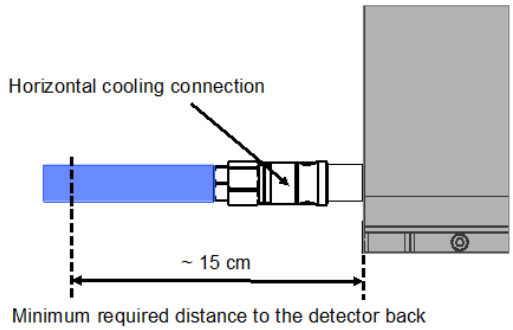


Figure 5.3: Horizontal coolant connectors

5.7. Mounting the Detector Control Unit

Caution	#20
Make sure that the detector control unit has adequate ventilation.	

Caution	#21
The mains plug of the detector control unit has to be connected to a grounded power outlet.	

The detector control unit can be mounted in a standard 19 inch rack, which has to be properly grounded.

6. TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONTROL

The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector has a combined temperature and humidity sensor.
The temperature and humidity control shuts down the detector when the humidity or the temperature of the sensor exceeds the following limits:

Table 6.1: Temperature and Humidity Limits

Shutdown Temperature		Shutdown Humidity
Lower Limit	**Upper Limit**	**Upper Limit**
< 15 °C	> 35 °C	> 40 % at operation / > 40 % at start-up

The communication with the detector control unit will remain active after a temperature shut down (only power of the modules shuts down).

Warning **#9**

The temperature and humidity control cannot prevent condensation issues and resulting damage to the sensor due to improper use. Always make sure that the detector is set to the correct temperature (thermal stabilization unit temperature set to 25 °C).

Information **#9**

The detector has an internal thermal protection switch. If the thermal protection switch is activated, it turns the detector off to prevent damage. In this case all LEDs will be off and no communication is possible any more with the detector. The detector will automatically power on again, as soon it is cooled down to appropriate working conditions.

Information **#10**

If the humidity is outside the specified range, the software will prevent operation.
The user can check the temperature and humidity via the API, as long as the temperature is not out of range. If the temperature breaches safe conditions the thermal protection switch will be triggered and the detector will completely switch off.

To start the detector correctly, please refer to section 7.1 and execute the correct startup procedure.

Make sure that the cooling unit is running at the recommended temperature (according to section 4.4) and that Nitrogen or dry air flow is turned on at the recommended flow rate, given in section 5.4. Then restart the software.

Information **#11**

A free-flowing air stream is mandatory in order to properly cool the electronics inside the detector. Do not cover any ventilation holes.

7. OPERATION PROCEDURE

Before operating the detector, make sure you have read the Technical Specifications and the User Manual.

7.1. Getting Started

Before switching on:

- Mount the detector properly.
- Connect the detector to ground potential, using the functional ground connector.
- Connect the detector to power supply.
- Connect the detector to a nitrogen or dry air source, capable of supplying at least the minimum recommended flow rate.
- Connect the coolant hoses. Make sure they are properly mounted on both sides.
- Set the temperature to 25 °C on the thermal stabilization unit and turn it on. If the detector was not at room temperature, wait until the thermal stabilization unit has reached stable operation.
- Connect the power cable, the local network cable, and the detector data cable to the detector control unit. (If more than one data cable is required, please pay attention to the numbering of the cables as described in table 4.2)

7.2. Startup Procedure

Please use the following startup procedure:

- Turn ON the dry air or nitrogen at least 30 min before turning on the detector.
- Turn ON the power switch at the back of the detector.
- Turn ON the detector control unit. Wait at least 5 min before trying to connect.
- Initialize the detector and wait at least 15–30 min for the detector bias voltage to stabilize.

The detector is now ready to use.

Information **#12**

The software start-up procedure is described in detail in the User Manual.

7.3. Turning Off the Detector

To turn off the detector:

- Turn OFF the power switch at the back of the detector.
- Turn OFF the detector control unit.
- Do not remove the nitrogen/dry air connection. It is a requirement that it is left at the recommended flow rate according to section 5.4.

Warning **#10**

As long as the detector power cable is connected, the detector has to be considered under power.

7.4. Storing the Detector

Information **#13**

Even if the detector is not in operation, it is recommended that the dry air or nitrogen flow is maintained to reduce the risk of humidity damage to the detector.

Please follow these instructions:

- Put the detector in a plastic bag, add at least 200 g of drying agent (i.e. silica gel) into the bag and seal it air-tight.
- Check the humidity and change the drying agent frequently for compliance with the storage requirements in section 3.3.

7.5. Cleaning and Maintenance

Caution **#22**

The Mylar® foil must not be touched or cleaned. If it is damaged, please contact DECTRIS® technical support.

The detector housing can be cleaned with a soft tissue. The PILATUS4 XE CdTe 2M detector does not require any maintenance.

The coolant liquid has to be replaced every 12 months. For information on the coolant liquid, see section 4.4. Please refer to the user documentation of the thermal stabilization unit for more detailed information about the maintenance of your thermal stabilization unit.

8. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR CdTe SENSORS

The sensor material is built up from Cadmium Telluride (CdTe). In order to prevent injuries, please follow these safety precautions.

Warning	#11



- Do not inhale Cadmium Telluride (CdTe) dust when sensor is broken or burnt.
- Do not ingest Cadmium Telluride (CdTe).
- Avoid skin contact.

For recycling, see section 2.1.

9. TROUBLESHOOTING

Table 9.1 provides an overview of possible problems with the detector system and instructions in order to solve the problems. If the problem you are experiencing is not listed below or if the instructions do not help, please contact support@dectris.com.

The LEDs at the back of the detector can provide valuable information for troubleshooting. Check section 4.1.4 for further information.

Table 9.1: Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Detector control unit does not start properly.	Detector control unit is not powered.	Check the User Documentation of the detector control unit (see section 3.2.2).
Communication error, the detector is not found at startup.	Data cable is not connected or defective.	Check the connection between detector control unit and detector. Make sure there is a connection between the detector control unit and the switch as well as between the switch and the detector. Check that all cables are properly inserted and the fiber connectors are clean. Avoid tangling or strong bending of the data cables. Use the "Check Connections" function on the Web Interface to inspect the quality of the data connections. See the User Manual for details.
Detector shuts down.	Temperature or humidity error.	Check that the detector is properly supplied with coolant and check the temperature of the coolant at the front panel of the thermal stabilization unit. Check the flow of nitrogen or dry air. Check the temperature of the detector using the SIMPLON API and wait until the detector cools down. Restart the detector again.
The detector fails to turn on.	The power cord is not connected or the plug is incompletely inserted.	Connect the power cord firmly. Check the LED on the external power supply.
	The fuse is blown.	Replace the fuse, see section 4.1.5.

Table 9.1: Troubleshooting - continued

Problem	Cause	Solution
	The temperature is over the critical limit. The thermal protection was triggered.	Check the thermal stabilization unit. The detector will power on again, as soon as the temperature is within the allowed operating conditions.
Image acquisition not possible.	Detector is not properly initialized.	Initialize the detector via the SIMPLON API. (See API Reference)
Detector housing is humid.	Ambient humidity around the detector exceeds the operating conditions.	Shut down the detector immediately and check the humidity. Power up the detector only when the ambient humidity has been reduced.

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